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- Understanding the concept sustainable tourism, responsible tourism (RT) & ecotourism
- When it goes wrong? Impact?
- Moving towards RT.
- RT in action.
- RT why do it?
- Conclusion.









Sustainable development is about ...

 Development that ensures **Sustainable Development** the generations to come will be able to enjoy the resources ENVIRONMENT of the world that we are **ECONOMY** currently SOCIAL enjoying. • 3 pillars of sustainability.







Sustainable tourism is about ...





Sustainable tourism is about ...

People → SOCIO-CULTURAL

- Respect host culture
- Conserve built and living cultural heritage
- Promote inter-cultural understanding and

Planet → ENVIRONMENT

- Optimal use of resources
- Maintain ecological processes
- Help conserve natural heritage

Profits → ECONOMY

- Long-term business viability
- Provide socio-econ benefits to all
- Support stable employment opportunities and social services
- Contribution to poverty alleviation









- These tourists want real quality experience.
- They want to know that the shower they are taking is not depriving a village of water.
- That the hotel they are staying at is not robbing the locals of their livelihood.
- Or that their very presence is not offending the local communities.

Responsible Tourism







What is Responsible Tourism (RT)?

- Providing quality travel experience that promote conservation of natural environments and offer opportunities and benefits for local communities.
- Tourism operations that are managed in such a way that they preserve the local environment and culture so that it can continue to deliver the benefits for years to come.



http://www.wildasia.net





What is Responsible Tourism (RT)?

- RT is regarded as a behaviour.
- An approach to engaging with tourism, be that as a tourist, a business, locals at a destination or any other tourism stakeholder.
- It emphasizes that all stakeholders are responsible for the kind of tourism they develop or engage in.





What is Responsible Tourism (RT)?

- ECONOMIC RESPONSIBILITY in tourism is committed to cooperating with local communities and people to minimise the revenue that "leaks" out of the local area.
- SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY to respecting the integrities of local cultures, preventing negative effects on social structures and conserving diverse cultural heritage.
- ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY is committed to the conservation of biodiversity and natural heritage, the responsible use of natural resources, and the prevention of pollution and waste. http://www.wildasia.net













- As an "eco" buzzword, the tourism industry tags every tree-fringed resort as a locale offering nature at its best.
- Today, ecotourism is one of the world's most misunderstood forms of tourism including in Malaysia.
- Resulting in greenwashing a low yield tourism!















Top 20 Nations Contributing to the Global CO2 Emissions

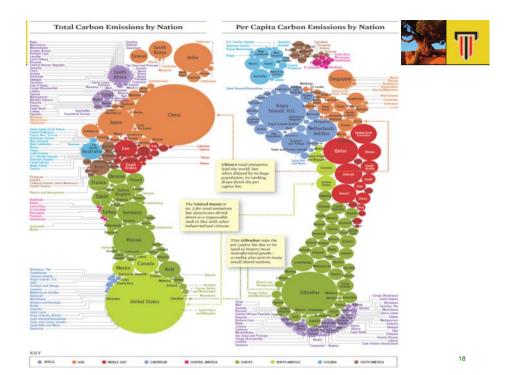
Rank	Country	CO2
		emissions
		(mio. tonnes)
1	China	6 538.37
2	United States	6 094.39
3	India	1 610.00
4	Russian Federation	1 579.82
5	Japan	1 303.78
6	Germany	841.15
7	Canada	590.2
8	United Kingdom	546.43
9	Korea, Republic of	503.32
10	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	495.99
11	Italy	475.3
12	Mexico	471.46
13	South Africa	433.53
14	Saudi Arabia	402.45
15	France	401.01
16	Indonesia	397
17	Australia	396.28
18	Brazil	368.32
19	Spain	366
20	Ukraine	340.15
27	Malaysia	194.48

Top 20 Nations Contributing to the Global CO2 Emissions per Capita

Rank	Country	CO2
		emissions
		per capita
1.	Qatar	55.43
2.	Netherlands Antilles	32.47
3.	United Arab Emirates	31.06
4.	Kuwait	30.21
5.	Bahrain	29.58
6.	Trinidad and Tobago	27.88
7.	Luxembourg	24.93
8.	Aruba	23.02
9.	Brunei Darussalam	19.80
10.	United States	19.74
11.	Falkland Islands	19.68
	(Malvinas)	
12.	Australia	19.00
13.	Canada	17.91
14.	Saudi Arabia	16.31
15.	Kazakhstan	14.76
16.	Estonia	14.22
17.	Faeroe Islands	14.12
18.	Nauru	14.09
19.	Oman	13.69
20.	Gibraltar	13.13
61.	Malaysia	7.32

Source: UNSD Millennium Development Goals Indicators database, 2009

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Food, Land & Tourism







"Golf courses, developers nibble at Asia's rice paddies"

(May 2008, Reuters)



Coral refer diminishing Coral Bleaching











Chemicals ... everywhere







Local Pollution





Solid waste and rubbish

- Sewage and waste water
- Air pollution and noise
- Aesthetic pollution



Contributes to environmental pollution









What comes out of a hotel?







Where does our waste go?



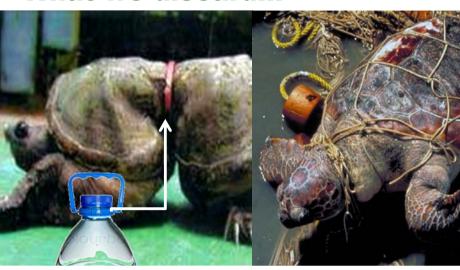
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Where does our waste go?















What we wash away

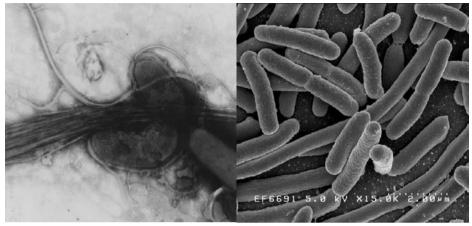


What we wash away





Water borne diseases



Source: Irshad (Great Hornbills of Langkawi)



Seafood anyone?









Know your food source?









Beach development













Wildlife Tourism?









Wildlife Tourism





Cultural tourism?



- Economic inequality
- Irritation due to tourist behavior
- Job level friction
- Cultural clashes





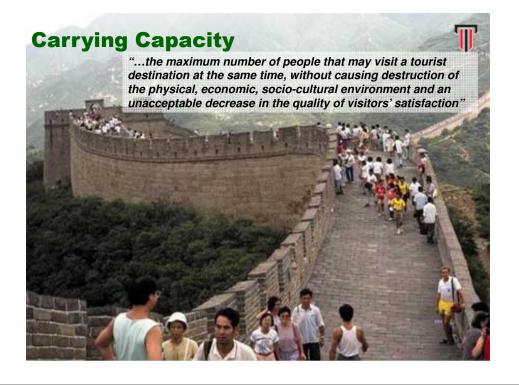


Estimated Tourism Earnings National agents Overseas agents Less than 50% remains in country (UNEP) 36% National taxes/salaries Import leakage Imported goods 14% Profits lifted · Export leakage: "loss of foreign exchange earnings in the tourism sector"



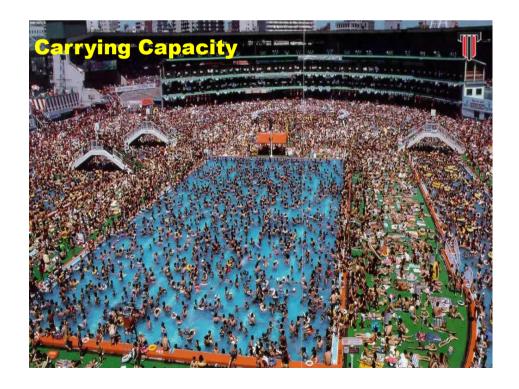
 Local business income reduced from "all-in-inclusive" vacation packages



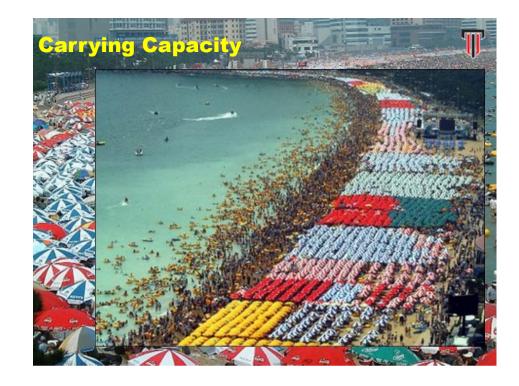
















Towards Responsible Tourism (RT)



Focus on tourism operators



53









Rewarding pioneers



Wild Asia's Annual Responsible Tourism Awards



Focused on drivers for change

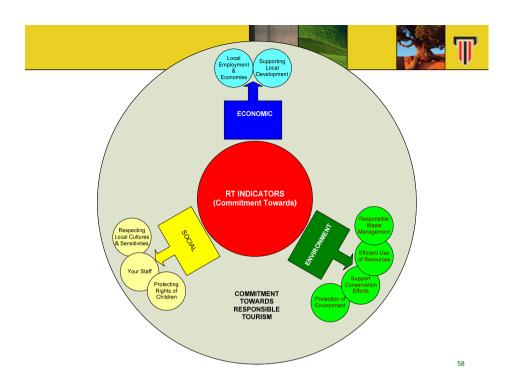




RT in Action!



57 57







Calculating your RT Score

YES, NO, NA → MAX (47 marks)
(every YES is 1 mark, NO is 0 mark & NA is no mark) SCORE MAX

	I.V	
*	EcoA: Commitment towards local employment and economies	4
*	EcoB: Commitment towards supporting local development	4
*	SocA: Commitment towards respecting local cultures & sensitivities	5
*	SocB: Commitment towards your staff	5
*	SocC: Commitment towards protecting rights of children	3
*	EnvA: Commitment towards the protection of environment	3
*	EnvB: Commitment towards conservation efforts	5
*	EnvC: Commitment towards efficient use of resources	6
*	EnvD: Commitment towards responsible waste management	8
*	OthA: Commitment towards Responsible Tourism	4

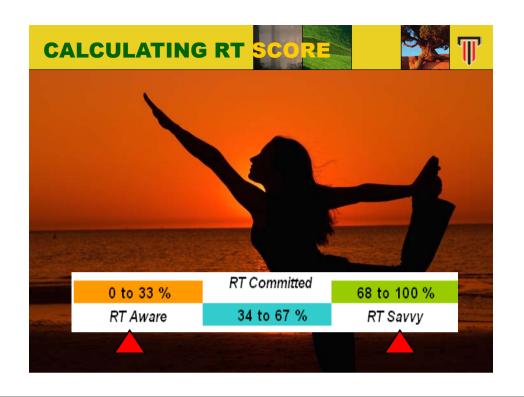
Your RT Score = [(Total Score divided (47-Total NA)) x 100]



Finding the committed

Japamala Resort visit back Tioman Island, Malaysia percent of best practices Commitment to local employment and sourcing Respecting local cultures and supporting local development Protection of natural areas Efficient use of resources Responsible waste management Commitment to formal environmental programmes Total RT Score = 38% Based on Wild Asia's RT Checklist To give you an idea of the RT score, our survey has shown Asian tourism operators have ranged between Checklist (ver c1), 17 May 2006 25% and 93%.

Promoting the core values of Responsible Tourism through checklist & indicators





In conclusion... it is all up to you

11 laws of sustainability



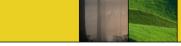






1. Sustainability requires win-win solutions

- Sustainability requires transparency
- Sustainability requires knowledge, not ideology
- Sustainability is science-based
- Sustainability is about moving forward
- Sustainability requires a focus on improving technology
- Sustainability efforts must be constantly tested and improved
- A short-term focus is the same as failure for sustainability
- 9. Sustainability requires active altruism (humanity)
- 10. Sustainability is a process
- 11. Sustainability must be as painless as possible







Do you want to make a difference?



"Educate the youth of the world to take their productive places as leaders in the global community"

Dr. Vikneswaran Nair (vicky.nair@taylors.edu.my)

> **Thank you** Terima kasih

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